

SAFETY DATA SHEET Liquasil Surface Degreaser

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	Liquasil Surface Degreaser	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Cleaning agent. Solvent	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Liquasil Ltd Unit 3 Radway Industrial Estate Radway Road Solihull West Midlands B90 4NR 0121 709 5352 info@liquasil.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Emergency telephone	0121 709 5352 (office hours only)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identified	cation	
2.1. Classification of the subs	tance or mixture	
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$	
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements Pictogram		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Contains	PROPAN-2-OL	
2.3. Other hazards		
SECTION 3: Composition/info	ormation on ingredients	

3.2. Mixtures

PROPAN-2-OL	60-100%	
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
The full text for all hazard sta	tements is displayed in Section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid measur	res	
4.1. Description of first aid me	easures	
General information	In all cases of doubt, or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Give milk instead of water if readily available. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
4.2. Most important symptom	s and effects, both acute and delayed	
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Irritation of nose, throat and airway.	
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.	
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.	

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Water spray, fog or mist.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		

2/9

firefighting ca Grading ca Special protective equipment W for firefighters ca SECTION 6: Accidental release m ca 6.1. Personal precautions, protect Personal precautions W ca each ca d ca	 deep up-wind to avoid fumes. Fight fire from safe distance or protected location. Move ontainers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Be aware of danger of explosion. Cool ontainers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by ontaining and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Vear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective lothing. neasures tive equipment and emergency procedures Vear appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and yes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static
for firefighters cl SECTION 6: Accidental release r 6.1. Personal precautions, protect Personal precautions W e d	lothing. neasures tive equipment and emergency procedures Vear appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and
6.1. Personal precautions, protec Personal precautions W e d	tive equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions W e d	Vear appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and
e d	
	ischarges.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
CI	void the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Avoid or minimise the reation of any environmental contamination. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other uitable non-combustible material.
6.3. Methods and material for cor	itainment and cleaning up
	bsorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Caution - spillages may be lippery. Inform authorities if large amounts are involved.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
	or personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health azards. For waste disposal, see section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and storag	e
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	<u>)</u>
o n h	Vear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation f vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do ot use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Good personal ygiene procedures should be implemented. Contaminated rags and cloths must be put in reproof containers for disposal.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, i	ncluding any incompatibilities
fr	tore in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away om oxidising materials, heat and flames. Earth container and transfer equipment to eliminate parks from static electricity. Protect from sunlight.
Storage class F	lammable liquid storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
	he identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2
Specific end use(s) T	he identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
	Vipe-on, wipe-off application.

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

DNEL	Industry - Dermal; : 1161 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; : 600 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; : 412 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; : 106 mg/m ³
PNEC	- Fresh water; 55.8 mg/l - Marine water; 55.8 mg/l - Sediment; 284.74 mg/kg

- Soil; 22.5 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required.
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. It is recommended to use respiratory equipment with combination filter, type A2/P2.
Environmental exposure controls	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Alcoholic.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point	-89°C
Initial boiling point and range	82°C @
Flash point	12°C
Evaporation factor	Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper flammable/explosive limit: 12% Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2%
Vapour pressure	42 hPa @ 20°C
Vapour density	2.1
Relative density	0.7855 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water. Miscible with the following materials: Organic solvents.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0.05
Auto-ignition temperature	>399°C
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	0.52 cSt @ 25 @ °C
Explosive properties	Above flash point, vapour - air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted above.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	Not relevant.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not known. Will not polymerise.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	None at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Assessed on the basis of constituents; LD50, oral, rat >2000mg/Kg.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Assessed on the basis of constituents: LD50 dermal, rabbit >2000mg/Kg
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	LD₅₀ 46.5 mg/l/4hr/day, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Moderately irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Moderately irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	There is no evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Does not contain any substances known to be mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Central nervous system Eyes Gastro-intestinal tract Respiratory system, lungs Skin
Medical symptoms	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Convulsions. Central nervous system depression.
SECTION 12: Ecological Infor	mation
Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish	 LC50, 48 hours: >100 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) LC50, 96 hours: 3220 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) 	
	LCs₀, 96 hours: mg/l, Algae	
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5091 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: 4300 mg/l, Fish	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	Can be expected to biodegrade rapidly. Biodegradable according to OECD guidelines. BOD5 = 62% ThOD	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia		
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. Log Pow = 0.29	
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0.05	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product is soluble in water.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	Not known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations	
13.1. Waste treatment method		
13.1. Waste treatment method	S Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Materials such as cleaning rags and paper wipes that are contaminated with flammable liquids may self-ignite after use and should be stored in designated fireproof containers with tight-	
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Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	3	

ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
ADN class	3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	П
IMDG packing group	П
ADN packing group	П
ICAO packing group	П

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-D	
ADR transport category	2	
Emergency Action Code	•2YE	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33	
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
Transport in bulk according to	Cat Z	

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation sp	ecific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 REACH (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 CLP (as amended).

Guidance

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments	Classification and labelling according to CLP Regulations.	
Revision date	07/08/2018	
Revision	1	
Supersedes date	19/07/2016	
SDS number	20366	
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.